

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	CANDIDATE NAME			
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
*	MATHEMATICS		0580/3	33
1 2 5	Paper 3 (Core)		October/November 20 2 hou	
7 2	Candidates answer of	n the Question Paper.		
0912572650*	Additional Materials:	Electronic calculator Tracing paper (optional)	Geometrical instruments	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

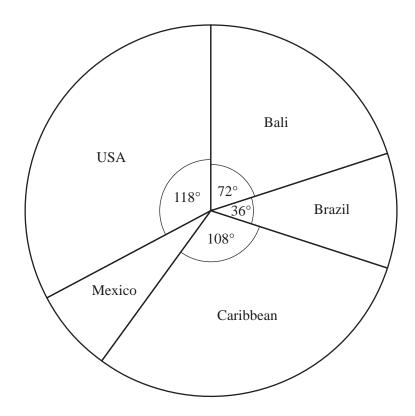
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 104.

This document consists of **15** printed pages and **1** blank page.



1 (a) Some people each recorded their favourite holiday destination. The results are shown in the pie chart.

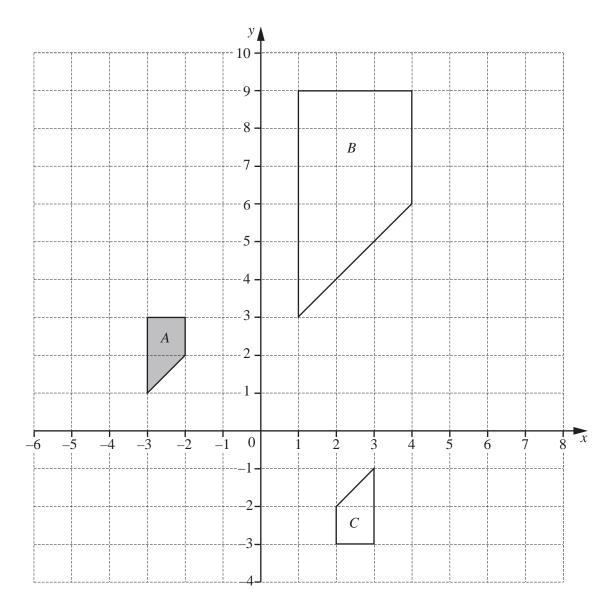


(i) Complete the statements about the pie chart.

	The sector angle for Mexico is degrees.	
	The most popular destination is	
	$\frac{1}{5}$ of the people chose	
	Three times as many people chose as	[4]
(ii)	180 people chose Bali.	

Find how many people were asked altogether.

.....[2]



2 Shapes A, B and C are shown on the 1 cm^2 grid.

(a) Shape *A* is a special type of quadrilateral.

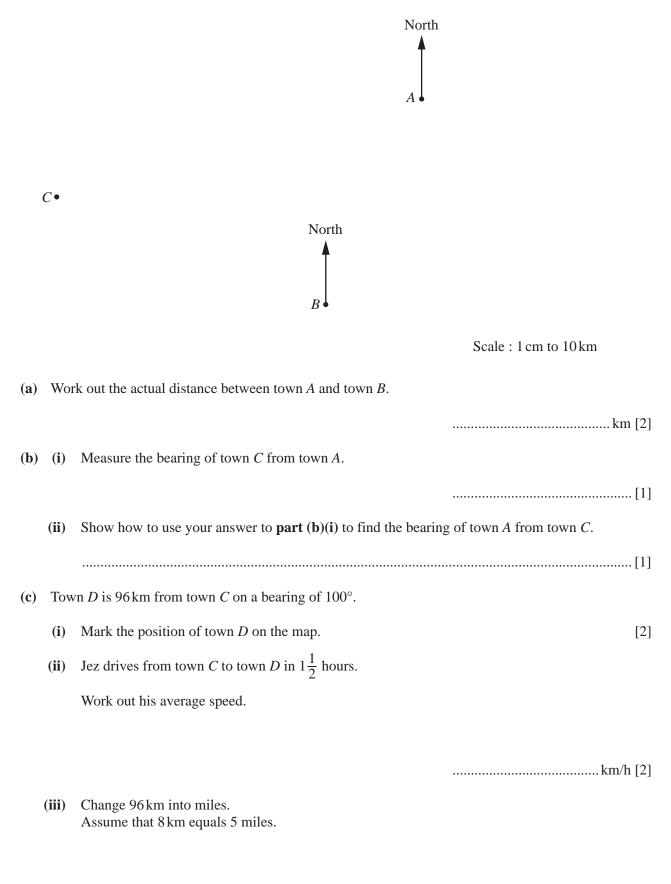
Write down the mathematical name for shape *A*.

.....[1]

(b)	Des	Describe fully the single transformation that maps						
	(i)	shape A onto shape B,						
		[3]						
	(ii)	shape A onto shape C.						
		[3]						
(c)	On	he grid,						
	(i)	translate shape A by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$, [2]						
	(ii)	reflect shape A in the line $x = 2$. [2]						
(d)	Finc	the area of shape <i>B</i> .						

.....cm² [1]

3 The scale drawing shows the positions of three towns *A*, *B* and *C* on a map. The scale is 1 centimetre represents 10 kilometres.



..... miles [2]

Pattern 1 Pattern	12		Pattern 3		Pattern 4	
On the grid, draw pattern	4.					[
b) These are the first four ter	rms of and	other sequ	ence.			
	41	35	29	23		
(i) Write down the next	two term	s.				
					 , .	[2
(ii) Write down the rule	for contin	uing this	sequence.			
		U	1			٢
c) These are the first four ter	ma of a d	ifforant co	auonco			L
c) These are the first four ter			_	22		
	11	15	19	23		
(i) Write down an expre	ession for	the <i>n</i> th ter	m.			
					 	[
(ii) Is 129 a term in this		?				
Show how you decid	le.					

7

(a) The diagram shows the first three patterns in a sequence.

4

[Turn over

- 5 (a) Stef buys 3.5 kilograms of bananas.
 - (i) Bananas cost \$1.24 per kilogram. Stef pays with a \$5 note.

Work out how much change she receives.

		\$[2]						
	(ii) Write 3.5 kilograms in grams.							
		g [1]						
(b)	Oranges cost 85 cents each. Leo has a \$10 note.							
	Work out the maximum number of oranges he can buy.							
		[2]						
(c)	87% of the mass of a pineapple is water. A pineapple has a mass of 700 g.							
	Work out the mass of water in this pineapple.							
		g [2]						
(d)) The number of melons sold in a shop each day for 7 days is shown below.							
	18 5 23 40 28 19) 17						
	Work out the mean number of melons sold.							

.....[2]

Write down a pair of simultaneous equations and solve them to find the cost of 1 apple and the cost of 1 plum.

You must show all your working.

Apple \$[6]

6	(a)	Write the number 602 047 in words.
	(b)	[1]
	(0)	(i) a multiple of 14,
		[1]
		(ii) 56^2 ,
		(iii) $\sqrt[3]{103823}$, [1]
		[1]
		(iv) 12^0 .
		[1]
	(c)	Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 12 and 78.

10

.....[2]

(d) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 12 and 78.

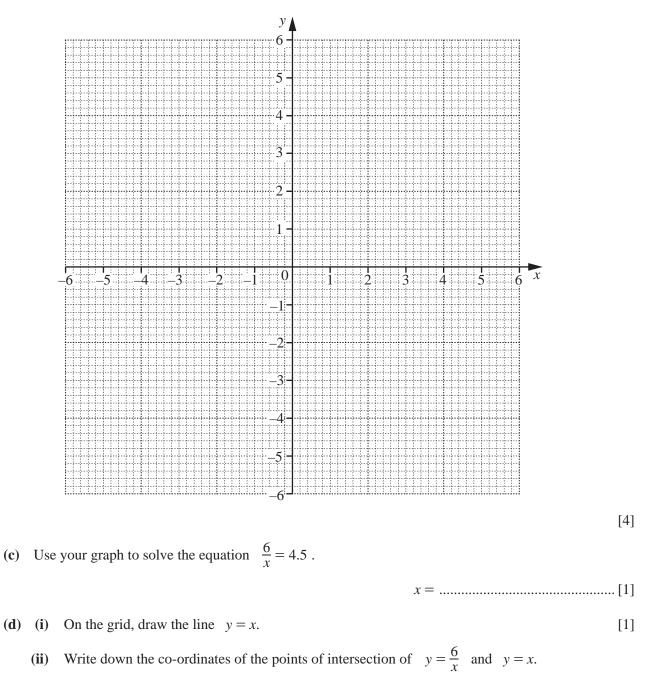
.....[2]

(e) Write 432 as a product of its prime factors.

7 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = \frac{6}{x}$.

x	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	1	2	3	4	5	6
У	-1			-2	-3	-6	6	3	2		1.2	1

(**b**) On the grid, draw the graph of
$$y = \frac{6}{x}$$
 for $-6 \le x \le -1$ and $1 \le x \le 6$.



[2]

8 (a) A bag contains 20 bulbs.8 are yellow, 5 are red, 4 are white and 3 are pink.Sam takes one bulb at random.

Find the probability that the bulb he takes is

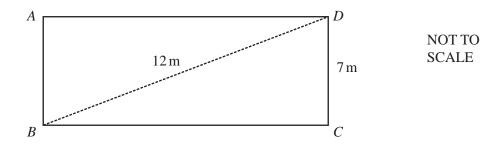
(i) white,

(ii)	blue,	[1]
		[1]

(iii) not pink.

.....[1]

(b) Sam has a rectangular pond, *ABCD*.



(i) Calculate *BC*.

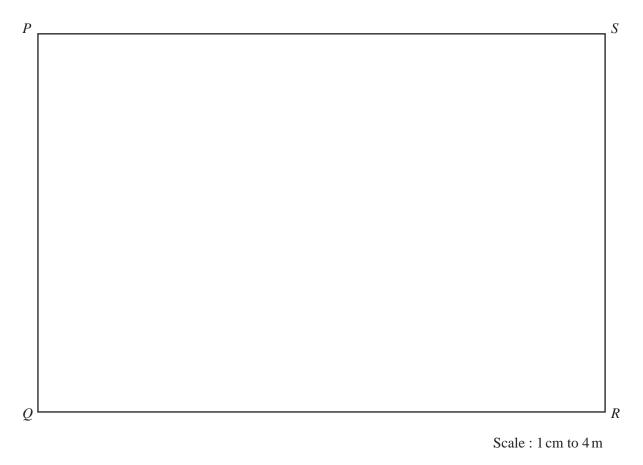
BC = m [3]

 $({\bf ii}) \quad {\rm He \ puts \ a \ fence \ around \ the \ edge \ of \ the \ pond.}$

Calculate the length of the fence.

.....m [1]

(c) A scale drawing of Sam's garden, *PQRS*, is shown below. The scale is 1 centimetre represents 4 metres.

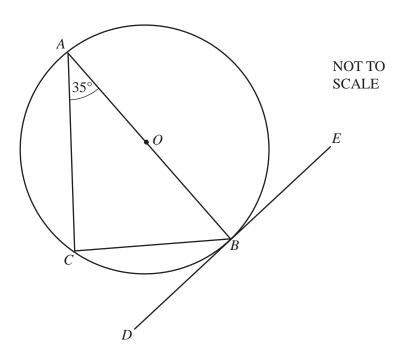


Sam plants some bulbs so that they are

- less than 30 metres from *P*
- and

nearer to PQ than to PS.

Using a ruler and compasses only, construct and shade the region where he plants the bulbs. [5]



A, *B* and *C* are points on the circumference of the circle, centre *O*. The straight line *DE* touches the circle at *B*.

(a) Write down the mathematical name for the line *DE*.

			[1]
(b)	On t	he circle, draw a radius.	[1]
(c)	Con	plete the following statements.	
	(i)	Angle <i>ABD</i> = because	
			[2]
	(ii)	Angle <i>ACB</i> = because	
			[2]

9

- (d) $AB = 9 \,\mathrm{cm}$.
 - (i) Calculate the area of the circle. Give the units of your answer.

.....[3]

(ii) Calculate *BC*.

BC = cm [2]

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